ACS 5-Year Data: A First Look at the First Release

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Objectives

• NOT

-A comprehensive review

-Or a final verdict on ACS 5-year data

Rather

- -One user's first look at ACS 5Y data
- -Focus on small area data
- -What looks good?
- -What looks . . . curious?



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ACS 5-Year Data

- Released December 2010
- Data collected 2005-2009
- Excitement
 - -Long awaited data for small areas
 - -Small cities and towns
 - -Census tracts and block groups
- Apprehensions
 - -Accuracy of small area data?
 - -Will users embrace ACS?
 - -Or brace for large margins of error (MOE)?



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The "Small" ACS Sample

ACS sample smaller than long form sample Even after 5 years

- 2000 Long Form
 - -Total HU = 115,904,641
 - -Sample HU = 18,345,474 (15.8 pct)
- 2005-2009 ACS
 - -Total HU = 127,699,712
 - -HU Sample = 14,450,288 (11.3 pct)
 - -Unwgted HU = 9,658,438 (**7.6 pct**)
- What about block groups?





The "Small" ACS Sample

Block Groups by Number of Unweighted Housing Units

Unweigted Units	N	Pct
Missing (no ACS)	1,533	0.7
Missing (w/ACS) (1 or 2)	801	0.4
3 – 9	2,982	1.4
10 – 19	24,527	11.7
20 – 49	115,865	55.5
50 – 99	48,002	23.0
100 – 199	13.303	6.4
200 – 499	1,711	0.8
500 or more	73	0.0
Total	208,797	100.0



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The "Small" ACS Sample

- 93 pct of BGs fewer than 100 responses
- 70 pct of BGs fewer than 50 responses
- Some MOEs will be large
- MOEs are important
- But not a measure of actual error
 - -Can be misleading
 - -Need more than MOEs to judge ACS



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Look at "Households by Type and Size"

Total Households

Family 2-persons Family 3-persons Family 4-persons Family 5-persons Family 6-persons Family 7+ persons Nonfamily 1 person Nonfamily 2 persons Nonfamily 3 persons Nonfamily 4 persons Nonfamily 5 persons Nonfamily 6 persons Nonfamily 7+ persons





- Stable distributions
- Predominant pattern
 - -Few with 6 or 7+ people
- Suspect data evident independent of MOE
- Also on decennial census
 - -Allows comparisons vs. complete count





Pct of BGs with Margin of Error Greater Than Cell Value

HH Type & Size	Pct MOE
	GT Cell Value
Total Households	1.1
Family 2-persons	8.4
Family 3-persons	25.4
Family 4-persons	34.6
Family 5-persons	65.4
Family 6-persons	90.6
Family 7+ persons	67.9
Nonfamily 1 person	10.3
Nonfamily 2 persons	76.7
Nonfamily 3 persons	99.0
Nonfamily 4 persons	99.7
Nonfamily 5 persons	100.0
Nonfamily 6 persons	100.0
Nonfamily 7+ persons	100.0



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How does this make ACS look?



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Horror



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Let's move away from the ledge



Look at some data



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Pct of BGs with MOE GT Cell Value – and Pct Cell Value = 0

HH Type & Size	Pct MOE	Pct Cell Value – 0
- / 111 1 1 1		
Iotal Households	1.1	0.7
Family 2-persons	8.4	1.0
Family 3-persons	25.4	4.8
Family 4-persons	34.6	8.0
Family 5-persons	65.4	22.9
Family 6-persons	90.6	52.3
Family 7+ persons	67.9	67.7
Nonfamily 1 person	10.3	2.0
Nonfamily 2 persons	76.7	30.4
Nonfamily 3 persons	99.0	82.9
Nonfamily 4 persons	99.7	93.1
Nonfamily 5 persons	100.0	97.8
Nonfamily 6 persons	100.0	99.3
Nonfamily 7+ persons	100.0	99.6



San Diego County, CA Tract 99.01

HH Type & Size	Estimate	MOE	Implied Range
Total Households	8	+/- 14	0 to 22
Family 2-persons	8	+/- 14	0 To 22
Family 3-persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Family 4-persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Family 5-persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Family 6-persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Family 7+ persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Nonfamily 1 person	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Nonfamily 2 persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Nonfamily 3 persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Nonfamily 4 persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Nonfamily 5 persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Nonfamily 6 persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132
Nonfamily 7+ persons	0	+/- 132	0 to 132



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Interesting that . . .

- MOE range extends to negative values -90 pct confident between -132 and +132
- MOE is constant for "0" cells
 - -Implies uncertainty same for all "0" cells
 - "0" as unlikely for "2 person family" as for "7 person non-family"?
- 90 pct confident "total HH" is between 0 and 22
- 90 pct confident "nonfam 7+" is between 0 to 132





- MOE does not measure actual error
- Does not tell us
 - -This is a good estimate
 - -This is a bad estimate
- Some problems evident without MOE
- For example:
 - -Large numbers of HHs with 7+ persons
- Let's check some example block groups





HH Type & Size	482659606006	270619802001	170770109002
Unweighted HU	30	151	19
Total Households	535	401	271
Family 2-persons	98	123	75
Family 3-persons	81	22	46
Family 4-persons	16	42	18
Family 5-persons	122	12	0
Family 6-persons	0	6	0
Family 7+ persons	18	4	0
Nonfamily 1 person	63	86	46
Nonfamily 2 persons	47	29	0
Nonfamily 3 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 4 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 5 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 6 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 7+ persons	90	77	86

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BG 17 077 0190.00 2

HH Type & Size	ACS 2005-09	2000 SF1	2000 SF3
Total Households	271	273	260
Family 2-persons	75	75	83
Family 3-persons	46	54	45
Family 4-persons	18	30	29
Family 5-persons	0	18	18
Family 6-persons	0	8	0
Family 7+ persons	0	7	16
Nonfamily 1 person	46	71	50
Nonfamily 2 persons	0	7	19
Nonfamily 3 persons	0	2	0
Nonfamily 4 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 5 persons	0	1	0
Nonfamily 6 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 7+ persons	86	0	0

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What's going on here?

- Too many "nonfam 7+"
 - -Maybe 1 captured by ACS sample
 - -Weighted up to 86
- But why weighted so high?
 - -Nonfam 7+ is rare
 - -Many BGs with 1 or 2. But none captured by ACS
 - -ACS shows "0"
 - -Where ACS does capture a "7+" HH
 - -Have to weight extra
 - -Compensate for BGs with 1 or 2 but show "0"
 - -Otherwise national total is very low





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What's going on here?

- Could improve accuracy of BG data
 - -Reduce weight
 - -Show fewer "Nonfam 7+"
 - -But this would decrease accuracy for large areas
- Irony
 - -Error in individual BGs can improve accuracy of aggregations
 - -Reducing BG error can increase error of aggregations
- Remember
 - -BG data intended for use in aggregations





What's going on here?

- Clearly some unrealistic estimates – But in relatively few block groups
- Most appear reasonable
- And some are clear improvement – Over aging 2000 Census data
- Consider some examples





More Typical Example

BG 09 001 0207.00 2

HH Type & Size	ACS 2005-09	2000 SF1	2000 SF3
Total Households	383	316	286
Family 2-persons	52	100	90
Family 3-persons	124	59	68
Family 4-persons	87	56	55
Family 5-persons	9	17	13
Family 6-persons	0	11	15
Family 7+ persons	0	1	0
Nonfamily 1 person	64	62	30
Nonfamily 2 persons	47	9	7
Nonfamily 3 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 4 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 5 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 6 persons	0	1	0
Nonfamily 7 persons	0	0	8

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ACS Improvement

BG 51 059 4222.00 1

HH Type & Size	ACS 2005-09	2000 SF1	2000 SF3
Total Households	681	6	6
Family 2-persons	182	1	0
Family 3-persons	142	2	6
Family 4-persons	175	1	0
Family 5-persons	15	1	0
Family 6-persons	26	0	0
Family 7+ persons	39	0	0
Nonfamily 1 person	76	0	0
Nonfamily 2 persons	17	1	0
Nonfamily 3 persons	9	0	0
Nonfamily 4 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 5 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 6 persons	0	0	0
Nonfamily 7 persons	0	0	0

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ACS and Rapid Growth

- Block Group 51 059 4222.00 1
 - -The former Lorton Prison
 - -6 households in 2000
 - -921 households in 2010
- NOTE:
 - -ACS improves over 2000 (more current)
 - -Reflects dramatic growth in HHs
 - -From 6 to 681
 - -Even though ACS "not about counts"
- Consider another dramatic growth area





ACS and Rapid Growth

Tract 08 031 0041.05

HHs by Income	ACS 2005-09	MOE	2000 SF3
Total Households	2,901	+/- 139	3
Less than \$10,000	117	+/- 80	0
\$10,000 - \$14,999	53	+/- 52	0
\$15,000 - \$19,999	32	+/- 27	0
\$20,000 - \$24,999	60	+/- 57	0
\$25,000 - \$29,999	28	+/- 28	0
\$30,000 - \$34,999	35	+/- 29	0
\$35,000 - \$39,999	64	+/- 53	0
\$40,000 - \$44,999	46	+/- 33	0
\$45,000 - \$49,999	111	+/- 65	0
\$50,000 - \$59,999	157	+/- 66	0
\$60,000 - \$74,999	126	+/- 64	0
\$75,000 - \$99,999	398	+/- 88	0
\$100,000 - \$124,999	402	+/- 109	0
\$125,000 - \$149,999	390	+/- 115	0
\$150,000 - \$199,999	463	+/- 95	0
\$200,000 or more	419	+/- 100	0

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ACS and Rapid Growth

- Tract 08 031 0041.05
 - Denver's former airport ("Stapleton")
 - -Now "Stapleton" community
 - -3 households in 2000
 - -4,092 households in 2010

• NOTE:

- -ACS shows 2,901 households for 2005-2009
- -Improved income estimates
- -2000 SF3 had no income distribution

-ACS capturing major household growth





Curious Findings



- ACS often better than MOEs suggest
- Can provide significant value
- Still some curious findings



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Curious Findings

- 2005-2009 ACS in 2000 census geography
- But ACS and 2000 census tract/BGs do not always match
- Example: Bibb County, AL

Census 2000 tracts	ACS Tracts
100.00	100.01
101.00	100.02
102.00	100.03
	100.04



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Census Bureau Explanation

- For 18 Counties
- ACS inadvertently produced for 2010 tracts and BGs
 - -Documented at this link
 - <u>http://www.census.gov/acs/www/data_documentation/geography_notes/</u>





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Curious Findings

- Government units have priority over statistical geographies
- ACS samples

-Stronger in small towns than tracts and BGs

- Following slide:
 - -Ratio (ACS interviews / ACS households)
 - -Rough measure: Percent of HHs interviewed
 - -By number of households
 - -For both Place and Block Group geographies



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Government vs. Statistical Geography

Mean ratio (unweighted HU/HHs) by N of HHs

Places

Block Groups

HHs	Ν	Mean Ratio
All	24,727	20.4
1-49	1,562	47.2
50-99	2,197	35.0
100-199	3,166	32.3
200-499	4,892	22.8
500-999	3,757	17.5
1000 +	9,153	8.0

HHs	Ν	Mean Ratio
All	206,463	9.3
1-49	465	24.0
50-99	1,833	13.9
100-199	11,463	10.8
200-499	109,133	9.9
500-999	65,622	8.4
1000 +	17,947	7.1



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Government vs. Statistical Geography

- Cities and towns get stronger samples
- Even if very small
 - -And there are many of them
- Did you know . . .
 - -More Places than BGs with 1-49 HHs
 - -More BGs than Places with 1,000+ HHs
- Let's look at an example . . .



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"Taylor City" North Dakota

- Small town in Stark County
- Home of the annual Taylor Horse Fest





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- Taylor "city" is a <u>small</u>
- 2010 Census
 - Population = 148
 - -Households = 75
 - -Housing Units = 96





- But has a pretty good ACS sample
- Unweighted HU = 31
 - -32 pct of 2010 HU
 - -41 pct of 2010 HH





Households by Type and Size

HH Type & Size	ACS 05-09	MOE	2000 SF3	2000 SF1
Total Households	82	+/- 17	67	65
Family 2-persons	35	+/- 12	24	23
Family 3-persons	10	+/- 9	8	8
Family 4-persons	0	+/- 93	2	8
Family 5-persons	2	+/- 3	3	4
Family 6-persons	15	+/- 14	2	1
Family 7+ persons	0	+/- 93	0	0
Nonfamily 1 person	20	+/- 10	23	20
Nonfamily 2 persons	0	+/- 93	2	1
Nonfamily 3 persons	0	+/- 93	0	0
Nonfamily 4 persons	0	+/- 93	3	0
Nonfamily 5 persons	0	+/- 93	0	0
Nonfamily 6 persons	0	+/- 93	0	0
Nonfamily 7 persons	0	+/- 93	0	0

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Population by Race and Ethnicity

	ACS 05-09	MOE	2000 Cen	2010 Cen
Total Population	215	+/- 88	150	148
White	215	+/- 88	150	146
Black or African American	0	+/- 93	0	0
American Indian or AK Native	0	+/- 93	0	1
Asian	0	+/- 93	0	0
Native HI and Other Pac Islander	0	+/- 93	0	0
Some Other Race	0	+/- 93	0	1
Two or More Races	0	+/- 93	0	0
Hispanic Origin	0	+/- 93	0	1



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Housing Units by Year Structure Built

	ACS 05-09	MOE	2000 SF3
Total Housing Units	88	+/- 17	88
Built 2005 or later	0	+/- 93	na
Built 2000 – 2004	12	+/- 16	na
Built 1990 - 1999	0	+/- 93	4
Built 1980 – 1989	14	+/- 12	9
Built 1970 – 1979	8	+/- 6	17
Built 1960-1969	10	+/- 9	4
Built 1950 – 1959	4	+/- 4	11
Built 1940 – 1949	4	+/- 4	9
Built 1939 or earlier	36	+/- 14	34



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Occupied Housing by Heating Fuel

	ACS 05-09	MOE	2000 SF3
Total Occupied Units	82	+/- 17	66
Utility gas	71	+/- 17	54
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	2	+/- 4	3
Electricity	9	+/- 7	9
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	+/- 93	0
Coal or coke	0	+/- 93	0
Wood	0	+/- 93	0
Solar energy	0	+/- 93	0
Other fuel	0	+/- 93	0
No fuel used	0	+/- 93	0



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Occupation: Civilian Employed Population 16+

	ACS 05-09	MOE	2000 SF3
Civilian employed pop 16+	114	+/- 52	73
Management, Prof, and related services	31	+/- 17	24
Service occupations	4	+/- 4	7
Sales and office occupations	57	+/- 36	22
Farming, fishing, and forestry occup.	0	+/- 93	4
Construction, extraction, maint, & repair	11	+/- 8	2
Production, transpt, & material moving	11	+/- 9	14



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Conclusions

- ACS 5-year data are a mixed bag
- Limitations
 - -Relatively small sample
 - -Large margins of error
 - -Some extreme values for rare characteristics
- Promise
 - -Data often better than MOEs suggest
 - -Especially for small cell values
 - -ACS adds value in rapid growth areas
 - -Small town data might be pretty good



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Conclusions

Bottom Line

- Too early to pass final judgment on ACS
- Value depends on one's application
- At this early stage
 - -ACS good enough to merit user support and advocacy
 - -But not so good that it can absorb cuts in funding
- We would miss the ACS if it were eliminated





Thank You

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